

The logo for the Population Reference Bureau (PRB), consisting of the letters 'PRB' in a bold, white, sans-serif font inside a black square.

POPULATION REFERENCE BUREAU

The background is a grayscale collage of various items: a wristwatch with a metal link bracelet, a pen, a map of the world, a document with text and a barcode, and a circular object that looks like a lens or a part of a camera. The text 'QUALITY' and 'LEADERSHIP' is visible in the upper right, and 'NENZ' is visible at the bottom.

# Family Planning Worldwide

## 2002 Data Sheet

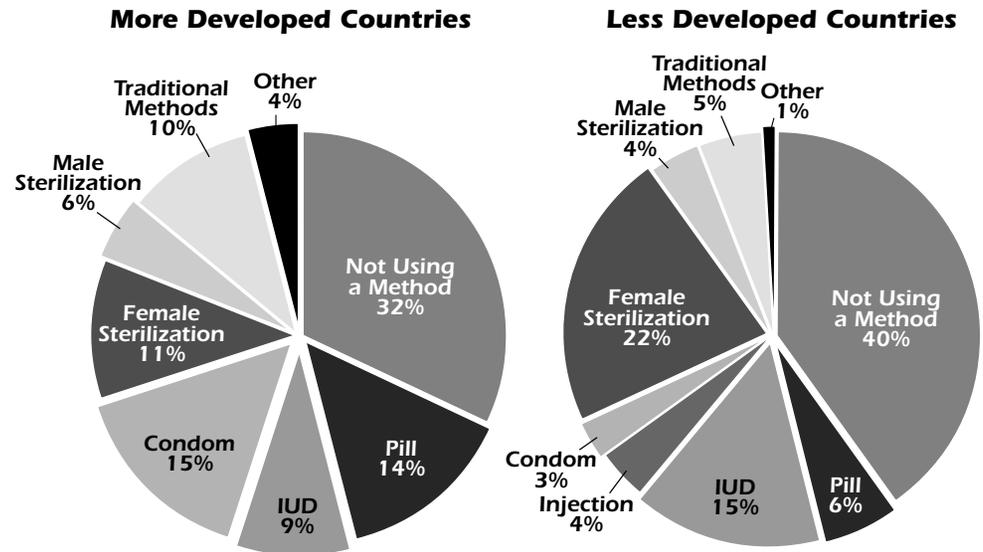
**Data and estimates of contraceptive use and related reproductive health indicators for the countries and regions of the world**

# Contraceptive Use Highlights

## Contraceptive Use Among Married Women, Late 1990s

Contraceptive use in less developed countries has now risen to a level approaching that of the more developed countries, although rates of use in the less developed countries remain uneven. Surprisingly, rates of sterilization are higher in the less developed countries, while use of traditional methods is reported more often in more developed nations. High levels of traditional contraceptive use in the former Soviet Union and eastern Europe are responsible for much of the difference.

**Source:** PRB analysis of data from cited surveys.

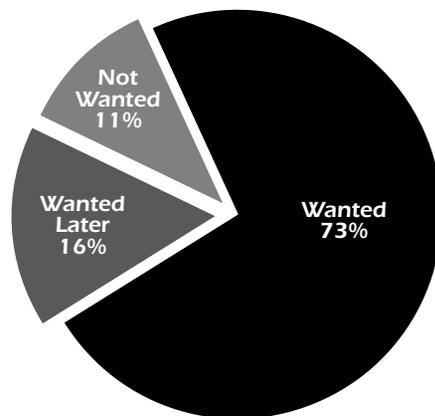


## Mother's Attitude Toward Recent Birth(s), Worldwide, Late 1990s

Despite the rise in family planning use evidenced in surveys, more than one-fourth of births worldwide are unplanned.

**Note:** Estimate based on approximately 60 percent of births worldwide.

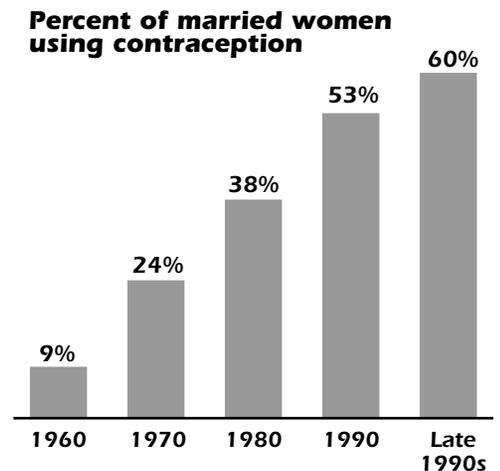
**Source:** PRB analysis of data from cited surveys.



## Contraceptive Use in Less Developed Countries, 1960 to the Late 1990s

The "reproductive revolution" has been one of the major demographic stories of the latter half of the 20th century. Family planning use has increased dramatically, due to changing aspirations about family size as well as to organized programs that have made modern contraception widely available.

**Source:** Population Reference Bureau and the UN Population Division.





	SURVEY YEAR	FEMALE POPULATION OF CHILDBEARING AGE AGES 15-49 (IN MILLIONS)		TOTAL FERTILITY RATE <sup>a</sup>	Women Currently Married or in Union Using Family Planning (%)												Source of Supply of Modern Methods (%)			Mother's Attitude Toward Recent Birth(s) (%)		
		2002	2015		ALL METHODS	Modern Methods							Traditional Methods					PUBLIC	PRIVATE MEDICAL	OTHER PRIVATE	WANTED LATER	NOT WANTED
		TOTAL MODERN METHODS							TOTAL TRADITIONAL METHODS <sup>d</sup>	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE	WITHDRAWAL	OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS										
		PILL	IUD <sup>b</sup>			INJECTION	CONDOM	STERILIZATION					OTHER MODERN METHODS <sup>c</sup>									
					FEMALE	MALE																
<b>WORLD</b>		<b>1,594</b>	<b>1,819</b>		<b>61</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
<b>MORE DEVELOPED</b>		<b>298</b>	<b>278</b>		<b>68</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>11</b>	
<b>LESS DEVELOPED</b>		<b>1,296</b>	<b>1,541</b>		<b>60</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
<b>LESS DEVELOPED (EXCL. CHINA)</b>		<b>939</b>	<b>1,177</b>		<b>49</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>AFRICA</b>		<b>197</b>	<b>269</b>		<b>26</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA</b>		<b>158</b>	<b>221</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>NORTHERN AFRICA</b>		<b>47</b>	<b>59</b>		<b>49</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Algeria	2000	8.4	10.6	2.8	64.0	50.1	44.3	4.3	-	1.5	-	-	-	13.9	4.9	3.5	5.4	46.0	53.0	-	-	-
Egypt	2000	18.2	22.9	3.5	56.1	53.9	9.5	35.5	6.1	1.0	1.4	-	0.4	2.2	0.6	0.2	1.3	48.6	51.2	0.2	5.0	13.4
Libya	1995	1.5	1.9	4.1	45.2	25.6	9.6	11.2	0.1	0.9	3.8	-	0.1	19.6	11.1	2.4	6.1	31.0	69.1	-	-	-
Morocco	1997	8.3	10.2	3.2	58.4	48.8	38.3	5.3	-	1.2	3.0	-	1.0	9.6	3.2	3.0	3.2	-	-	-	-	-
Sudan (North)	1992-93	7.9	10.8	4.6	9.9	6.9	5.1	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	2.9	1.2	0.1	1.6	68.6	23.5	3.9	-	-
Tunisia	1994-95	2.7	3.1	3.2	59.7	49.4	7.3	25.3	-	-	12.6	-	4.2	10.3	7.3	2.5	0.4	-	-	-	-	-
<b>WESTERN AFRICA</b>		<b>54</b>	<b>78</b>		<b>14</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>4</b>
Benin	2001	1.6	2.3	5.6	18.6	7.2	1.8	0.8	2.1	1.3	0.3	-	0.9	11.4	6.9	4.3	0.2	43.5	29.2	26.7	19.3	5.7
Burkina Faso	1998-99	2.7	4.2	6.8	11.9	4.8	1.8	0.4	1.1	1.2	-	-	0.4	7.0	4.6	0.2	2.2	52.4	9.6	36.6	17.5	3.0
Cape Verde	1998	0.1	0.2	4.0	52.9	46.0	18.2	4.3	7.7	3.0	12.8	0.0	0.1	6.9	4.9	2.0	0.1	91.2	4.4	3.7	-	-
Côte d'Ivoire	1998-99	3.9	5.3	5.2	13.8	7.3	3.5	0.4	1.4	1.8	0.1	-	0.0	6.6	6.2	0.4	-	30.8	35.8	32.2	23.8	4.9
Gambia	2000	0.3	0.4	5.9	9.8	9.0	4.0	0.8	3.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
Ghana	1998	5.0	6.8	4.6	22.0	13.3	3.9	0.7	3.1	2.7	1.3	0.0	1.5	8.7	6.6	1.5	0.6	47.3	44.8	6.8	27.5	8.9
Guinea	1999	1.9	2.7	5.5	6.0	4.2	2.1	0.2	1.0	0.6	-	-	0.3	1.8	1.6	0.2	-	49.9	21.0	25.7	13.5	3.9
Guinea-Bissau	2000	0.3	0.4	6.0	7.6	3.6	0.3	2.3	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	4.1	2.5	0.3	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
Mali	2001	2.6	3.9	6.8	8.1	5.7	2.8	0.2	2.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	2.3	0.6	0.0	1.7	51.0	34.0	11.5	18.2	3.8
Mauritania	2000-01	0.7	1.0	4.7	8.0	5.1	2.6	0.8	0.9	0.8	-	-	0.1	2.8	0.3	2.2	0.3	-	-	-	22.1	6.3

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		2002	2015		ALL METHODS	Modern Methods										Traditional Methods				PUBLIC	PRIVATE MEDICAL	OTHER PRIVATE	WANTED LATER	NOT WANTED
		TOTAL MODERN METHODS										TOTAL TRADITIONAL METHODS <sup>d</sup>		OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS										
		PILL	IUD <sup>b</sup>			INJECTION	CONDOM	STERILIZATION		OTHER MODERN METHODS <sup>c</sup>	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE	WITHDRAWAL	OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS											
		FEMALE	MALE																					
Niger	2000	2.5	3.9	8.0	14.0	4.3	3.4	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	9.7	0.0	0.0	9.7	83.6	9.1	6.9	11.0	1.0		
Nigeria	1999	27.2	39.4	5.9	15.3	8.6	2.4	2.0	2.4	1.2	0.3	–	0.3	5.8	4.6	1.2	0.9	42.9	42.9	8.4	15.8	3.1		
Senegal	1999	2.3	3.4	5.2	9.3	8.2	3.2	0.9	2.3	0.7	0.5	–	0.5	1.1	0.9	0.2	–	69.3	21.2	8.0	27.2	6.8		
Sierra Leone	2000	1.1	1.6	6.5	4.3	3.9	2.5	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	–	0.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Togo	1998	1.1	1.6	5.8	23.2	7.0	1.2	1.0	2.1	1.5	0.4	–	0.9	16.2	5.4	1.2	9.6	48.0	14.8	36.0	33.3	8.1		
<b>EASTERN AFRICA</b>		<b>60</b>	<b>85</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>12</b>		
Comoros	2000	0.2	0.3	6.8	25.1	22.1	8.2	0.4	8.5	0.7	0.7	0.0	3.6	3.0	0.1	1.6	1.2	77.6	8.0	11.4	41.3	14.4		
Eritrea	1995	0.9	1.4	6.1	8.0	4.0	2.0	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.3	–	0.0	4.0	0.8	0.2	3.0	78.4	16.5	4.6	13.5	4.9		
Ethiopia	2000	14.9	20.5	5.9	8.1	6.3	2.5	0.1	3.1	0.3	0.3	–	0.0	1.7	1.5	0.2	0.1	77.5	15.5	5.8	19.6	17.3		
Kenya	1998	7.9	10.3	4.7	39.0	31.5	8.5	2.7	11.8	1.3	6.2	–	0.8	7.5	6.1	0.6	0.8	58.0	33.4	4.5	37.2	11.1		
Madagascar	1997	3.9	5.8	6.0	19.2	9.7	2.4	0.5	4.7	0.7	1.0	0.0	0.5	9.5	7.9	1.6	–	52.1	39.2	8.2	13.8	12.0		
Malawi	2000	2.6	3.6	6.3	28.5	26.1	2.7	0.1	16.4	1.6	4.7	0.1	0.5	2.4	0.9	1.5	–	68.0	27.6	4.0	18.3	21.7		
Mauritius	1991	0.3	0.3	2.4	74.7	48.9	20.9	2.8	4.1	13.3	7.2	0.2	0.4	25.3	9.2	16.1	–	66.6	31.6	1.9	8.6	11.7		
Mozambique	1997	4.4	5.6	5.6	5.2	5.1	1.4	0.3	2.3	0.3	0.7	–	–	0.1	0.1	0.0	–	82.7	8.5	6.6	20.1	3.7		
Reunion	1990	0.2	0.2	2.5	66.6	61.7	40.1	14.2	1.2	2.7	3.3	0.0	0.2	3.6	1.1	2.5	–	–	–	–	–	–		
Rwanda	2000	1.9	2.6	5.8	13.2	4.3	1.0	0.1	1.9	0.4	0.8	0.0	0.1	8.9	4.7	2.9	1.4	69.0	22.6	7.2	22.8	12.5		
Somalia	1999	2.1	3.4	7.2	7.9	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	7.0	0.1	0.1	6.8	–	–	–	–	–		
Tanzania	1999	8.7	12.4	5.6	25.4	16.9	5.3	0.4	6.3	2.7	2.0	–	–	8.5	2.2	3.5	2.9	67.2	21.8	10.5	11.4	11.0		
Uganda	2000-01	5.3	8.5	6.9	21.8	18.2	3.2	0.2	6.4	1.9	2.0	0.0	4.5	3.6	2.5	1.1	–	35.8	45.8	15.6	24.8	14.6		
Zambia	1996	2.4	3.5	6.1	25.9	14.4	7.2	0.4	1.0	3.5	2.0	0.0	0.1	11.5	–	4.5	7.1	59.9	23.8	13.0	29.2	6.5		
Zimbabwe	1999	3.0	4.1	4.0	53.5	50.4	35.5	0.9	8.1	1.8	2.6	0.1	1.4	3.2	0.2	2.6	0.4	76.7	16.5	6.4	30.2	7.2		
<b>MIDDLE AFRICA</b>		<b>22</b>	<b>34</b>		<b>11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>		
Angola	1996	3.0	4.5	7.2	7.7	4.2	1.9	0.6	1.3	0.4	–	–	0.0	3.2	1.2	–	2.2	–	–	–	–	–		
Cameroon	2000	3.6	5.0	4.9	25.5	8.2	1.7	0.2	1.1	1.9	1.0	0.0	0.4	19.3	11.0	0.6	7.7	31.9	39.5	28.2	20.4	6.1		

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						TOTAL MODERN METHODS	PILL	IUD <sup>b</sup>	INJECTION	CONDOM	STERILIZATION		OTHER MODERN METHODS <sup>c</sup>	TOTAL TRADITIONAL METHODS <sup>d</sup>	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE	WITH-DRAWAL	OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS					
											FEMALE	MALE										
Central African Republic	1994-95	0.9	1.2	5.1	14.3	3.2	1.1	0.1	0.6	1.0	0.4	–	0.1	11.0	4.9	0.5	5.6	49.3	31.7	15.7	16.0	7.0
Chad	2000	1.9	2.8	6.6	7.9	2.0	1.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.6	–	0.1	5.8	1.5	0.0	4.4	59.3	11.5	25.0	7.9	0.9
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	1991	11.5	18.4	6.7	7.7	2.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.6	5.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Gabon	2000	0.3	0.4	4.3	30.9	11.8	4.8	–	0.5	5.1	1.0	–	0.3	19.2	15.8	1.8	1.6	24.4	50.7	21.4	37.6	6.8
<b>SOUTHERN AFRICA</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>		<b>53</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	–	–	–	–	–
Botswana	2000	0.4	0.4	3.9	44.4	42.1	14.3	1.7	8.1	15.5	1.2	0.2	1.1	2.3	0.2	–	2.1	–	–	–	–	–
Lesotho	2000	0.5	0.5	4.3	30.4	29.5	9.4	2.6	13.9	1.8	1.3	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.0	0.4	0.5	–	–	–	–	–
Namibia	1992	0.4	0.6	5.4	27.1	26.0	8.3	2.1	7.7	0.3	7.4	0.2	0.1	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.1	86.4	11.1	0.6	21.4	12.3
South Africa	1998	12.0	11.5	2.9	56.1	55.1	10.6	1.8	23.2	1.7	15.8	2.1	0.0	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.1	–	–	–	–	–
<b>NORTH AMERICA</b>		<b>80</b>	<b>82</b>		<b>76</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>–</b>	–	–	–	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>
 Canada	1995	8.0	7.8	1.7	68.9	67.7	14.4	3.0	–	10.8	20.7	18.0	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.7	–	–	–	–	–	–
United States of America	1995	72.2	74.3	2.0	76.4	71.6	15.6	0.7	1.4	13.3	23.8	13.2	3.6	4.6	2.3	2.3	–	–	–	–	14.8	6.5
<b>LATIN AMERICA &amp; THE CARIBBEAN</b>		<b>145</b>	<b>168</b>		<b>70</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>–</b>	–	–	–	–	–
 <b>CENTRAL AMERICA</b>		<b>37</b>	<b>46</b>		<b>65</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	–	–	–	–	–
Belize	1991	0.1	0.1	4.5	46.7	41.7	14.9	1.9	4.3	1.9	18.7	–	–	2.5	2.5	–	–	38.2	52.0	4.6	43.9	50.0
Costa Rica	1999-00	1.1	1.3	2.3	80.0	71.5	25.6	6.9	5.9	10.9	21.4	0.5	0.3	8.5	6.0	1.8	0.7	68.0	20.0	5.1	12.4	29.0
El Salvador	1998	1.7	2.2	3.6	59.7	54.1	8.1	1.5	8.9	2.5	32.4	–	0.7	5.7	3.1	2.6	–	47.1	44.0	8.4	–	–
Guatemala	1998-99	2.8	4.2	5.0	38.1	30.9	5.0	2.2	3.9	2.3	16.7	0.8	0.0	7.2	5.7	1.5	–	25.2	64.1	9.2	18.0	11.8
Honduras	1996	1.6	2.3	4.9	50.0	39.7	9.9	8.5	–	3.2	18.1	–	–	9.0	3.7	5.3	–	34.8	61.8	2.6	23.1	12.3
Mexico	1997	27.9	32.9	3.0	68.5	60.1	6.9	14.2	3.2	3.8	30.6	1.2	0.2	8.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nicaragua	1998	1.3	1.9	4.3	60.3	57.4	13.9	9.1	5.2	2.6	26.1	0.5	–	2.5	1.6	1.0	–	62.0	34.4	2.1	15.9	17.3
<b>CARIBBEAN</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>		<b>61</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>–</b>	–	–	–	–	–
Cuba	2000	3.0	2.9	1.6	73.3	72.1	3.6	43.5	0.7	5.0	19.0	0.0	0.3	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	–	–	–	–	–
Dominican Republic	1996	2.3	2.6	3.2	63.7	59.2	12.9	2.5	–	1.4	40.9	–	1.5	4.0	1.8	1.9	–	36.1	61.9	1.6	27.4	9.4

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		2002	2015		ALL METHODS	Modern Methods									Traditional Methods				PUBLIC	PRIVATE MEDICAL	OTHER PRIVATE	WANTED LATER	NOT WANTED
						TOTAL MODERN METHODS	PILL	IUD <sup>b</sup>	INJECTION	CONDOM	STERILIZATION		OTHER MODERN METHODS <sup>c</sup>	TOTAL TRADITIONAL METHODS <sup>d</sup>	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE	WITHDRAWAL	OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS						
											FEMALE	MALE											
Grenada	1990	0.02	0.02	3.7	54.3	49.1	15.2	3.0	9.0	21.9	–	–	–	5.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Haiti	2000	2.1	2.7	4.7	28.1	22.3	2.3	0.1	11.8	2.9	2.8	0.4	2.0	5.8	2.1	3.1	0.6	24.2	64.7	10.4	26.0	29.8	
Jamaica	1997	0.7	0.8	2.8	65.9	62.8	21.2	1.0	10.9	17.0	12.3	0.2	0.2	3.1	0.3	2.8	–	52.8	39.5	7.6	43.0	18.3	
Puerto Rico	1995-96	1.0	1.1	2.0	77.7	67.6	9.7	1.0	1.3	6.4	45.5	3.5	0.4	10.1	6.1	3.9	–	44.5	50.5	4.6	–	–	
<b>SOUTH AMERICA</b>		<b>97</b>	<b>111</b>		<b>74</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>23</b>	
Bolivia	1998	2.1	2.9	4.2	47.5	25.2	3.8	11.1	1.1	2.6	6.5	–	0.0	22.3	20.0	2.3	–	41.5	55.8	1.4	20.2	31.7	
Brazil	1996	49.6	54.3	2.5	76.4	70.3	20.7	1.1	1.2	4.4	40.1	2.6	0.1	6.1	3.0	3.1	–	43.1	53.7	3.2	26.1	22.3	
Colombia	2000	11.9	14.0	2.6	76.2	64.0	11.8	12.4	4.0	6.1	27.1	1.0	1.7	12.3	6.0	6.3	–	27.4	69.4	2.3	29.2	23.1	
Ecuador	1999	3.5	4.3	3.3	65.8	50.1	11.1	10.1	3.5	2.7	22.5	–	0.2	14.4	7.9	6.5	–	38.5	50.0	11.0	17.3	20.2	
Paraguay	1998	1.4	2.0	4.3	57.4	47.7	13.1	11.1	7.5	7.3	8.0	0.0	0.5	9.7	2.8	5.4	1.5	29.7	63.5	4.3	14.1	4.0	
Peru	2000	7.2	8.8	2.9	68.0	50.4	6.7	9.1	14.8	5.6	12.3	0.5	1.5	17.5	14.4	3.2	–	79.3	18.9	1.5	25.3	30.7	
Suriname	2000	0.1	0.1	3.0	42.1	–	24.5	–	–	–	10.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
<b>ASIA</b>		<b>981</b>	<b>1,127</b>		<b>64</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	
 <b>WESTERN ASIA</b>		<b>49</b>	<b>64</b>		<b>51</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	
Armenia	2000	1.1	1.0	1.7	59.0	22.3	1.1	9.4	0.1	6.9	2.7	–	2.1	36.7	4.8	31.9	–	67.0	24.3	1.8	9.2	7.5	
Azerbaijan	2000	2.3	2.4	1.9	55.1	15.8	3.3	9.3	0.4	2.1	0.5	0.1	0.1	39.3	4.3	30.6	4.4	–	–	–	–	–	
Bahrain <sup>1</sup>	1995	0.2	0.2	3.2	61.8	30.6	10.9	2.9	0.0	9.6	6.2	–	1.1	31.2	3.2	26.3	1.7	–	–	–	–	–	
Georgia	1999-00	1.4	1.2	1.2	40.5	19.8	1.0	9.7	–	6.3	1.6	–	1.1	20.7	10.2	10.5	–	53.9	37.2	8.2	10.1	48.9	
Jordan	1997	1.3	1.8	4.4	52.6	37.7	6.5	23.1	0.7	2.4	4.2	–	0.6	14.8	4.9	7.6	2.4	28.1	71.7	0.1	20.4	16.9	
Kuwait <sup>1</sup>	1999	0.5	0.7	4.2	52.0	39.3	23.4	8.8	–	2.9	4.1	–	0.1	12.8	4.1	5.7	3.0	–	–	–	–	–	
Lebanon	1995	1.0	1.2	2.5	61.0	37.2	10.0	17.1	–	5.6	4.2	–	0.3	23.8	9.9	11.8	2.0	–	–	–	–	–	
Oman <sup>1</sup>	1995	0.6	0.9	7.1	23.7	18.2	6.1	2.2	3.8	1.5	4.5	–	0.0	5.6	1.0	2.3	2.3	–	–	–	–	–	
Palestinian Territory	2000	0.7	1.2	5.9	51.4	36.7	5.8	24.6	0.4	2.8	2.7	0.1	0.2	14.8	4.0	5.5	5.3	–	–	–	–	–	
Qatar <sup>1</sup>	1998	0.1	0.1	3.9	43.2	32.3	15.8	9.0	–	2.9	4.1	–	0.5	10.9	2.3	6.8	1.8	–	–	–	–	–	

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		2002	2015		ALL METHODS	Modern Methods										Traditional Methods				PUBLIC	PRIVATE MEDICAL	OTHER PRIVATE	WANTED LATER	NOT WANTED
						TOTAL MODERN METHODS	PILL	IUD <sup>b</sup>	INJECTION	CONDOM	STERILIZATION		OTHER MODERN METHODS <sup>c</sup>	TOTAL TRADITIONAL METHODS <sup>d</sup>	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE	WITHDRAWAL	OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS							
											FEMALE	MALE												
Saudi Arabia	1996	4.6	7.5	5.7	31.8	28.5	19.6	6.6	0.2	0.9	1.0	–	0.2	3.3	1.2	0.8	1.3	–	–	–	–	–		
Syria	1993	4.3	6.1	4.2	39.6	28.3	9.9	15.7	0.0	0.3	2.2	0.0	0.2	11.3	6.7	1.0	3.6	–	–	–	–	–		
Turkey	1998	18.3	21.3	2.6	63.9	37.7	4.4	19.8	0.5	8.2	4.2	0.0	0.6	25.5	1.1	24.4	–	55.9	42.1	2.0	11.2	18.8		
United Arab Emirates <sup>1</sup>	1995	0.5	0.6	4.9	27.5	23.6	11.9	3.7	1.5	2.0	4.2	–	0.3	3.9	1.6	1.4	0.9	–	–	–	–	–		
Yemen	1997	4.2	7.1	7.6	20.6	9.8	3.8	3.0	1.2	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.1	10.8	1.1	1.7	8.0	49.4	47.5	0.2	23.0	21.8		
<b>SOUTH CENTRAL ASIA</b>		<b>381</b>	<b>481</b>		<b>49</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>10</b>		
Bangladesh	1999-00	35.7	47.5	3.3	53.8	43.4	23.0	1.2	7.2	4.3	6.7	0.5	0.5	10.3	5.4	4.0	0.9	64.3	27.5	7.0	19.3	13.5		
Bhutan	2000	0.5	0.7	4.7	–	30.7	3.4	3.4	5.8	1.2	3.1	13.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
India	1998-99	260.2	319.9	3.2	48.2	42.8	2.1	1.6	–	3.1	34.2	1.9	–	5.0	3.0	2.0	–	76.0	18.3	4.6	11.9	9.4		
Iran	2000	18.8	24.2	2.5	73.8	55.9	18.4	8.5	2.8	5.9	17.1	2.7	0.5	17.9	0.5	17.4	–	66.8	–33.2–		13.6	17.2		
Kazakhstan	1999	4.5	4.2	2.1	66.1	52.7	2.4	42.0	0.6	4.5	2.8	0.0	0.4	13.4	4.6	2.9	5.9	73.5	22.8	2.5	8.3	8.9		
Kyrgyzstan	1997	1.4	1.6	3.4	59.5	48.9	1.7	38.2	1.3	5.7	1.8	–	0.1	10.7	3.2	6.0	1.5	96.9	0.6	1.4	7.6	5.4		
Nepal	2001	5.6	7.9	4.1	39.0	35.4	1.6	0.4	8.4	2.9	15.0	6.3	0.6	3.7	1.1	2.6	–	79.4	15.0	4.8	13.8	21.6		
Pakistan	2000-01	34.1	49.4	5.5	27.6	20.2	1.9	3.5	2.6	5.5	6.9	0.0	0.0	7.4	1.6	5.3	0.5	56.6	18.0	25.5	–	–		
Sri Lanka	1993	5.3	5.5	2.3	66.1	43.6	5.5	3.0	4.5	3.3	23.5	3.7	0.1	22.4	15.2	5.0	2.2	–	–	–	–	–		
Tajikistan	2000	1.6	2.0	2.4	33.9	27.3	0.6	25.1	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	6.6	2.5	3.0	1.1	–	–	–	–	–		
Turkmenistan	2000	1.3	1.7	2.9	61.8	53.1	1.2	39.0	1.0	2.0	1.8	–	7.9	8.7	2.1	5.3	1.3	98.5	1.0	0.2	2.2	1.2		
Uzbekistan	2000	6.9	8.6	2.7	67.2	62.5	2.6	56.3	1.3	0.7	1.4	0.1	0.1	4.7	1.5	1.3	1.9	98.3	0.3	0.4	2.4	1.9		
<b>SOUTHEAST ASIA</b>		<b>146</b>	<b>172</b>		<b>57</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>		
Cambodia	2000	3.3	4.6	4.0	23.8	18.5	4.5	1.3	7.4	0.9	1.5	–	2.9	5.3	2.7	2.3	0.3	52.1	26.1	20.5	8.9	23.5		
Indonesia	1997	59.3	68.7	2.8	57.4	54.7	15.4	8.1	21.1	0.7	3.0	0.4	6.0	2.7	1.1	0.8	0.8	43.0	41.9	15.1	8.8	8.3		
Laos	2000	1.3	1.9	4.9	32.2	28.9	12.9	3.0	7.6	0.5	4.7	0.0	0.1	3.2	2.2	0.7	0.3	53.5	35.8	6.1	–	–		
Malaysia <sup>2</sup>	1994	6.0	7.3	3.3	54.5	29.8	13.4	3.9	–	5.3	–6.4–		0.8	24.7	8.8	6.9	8.9	–	–	–	–	–		
Myanmar	1997	13.2	15.7	2.8	32.7	28.4	7.4	1.3	11.7	0.1	5.5	2.2	0.2	4.3	2.4	0.8	1.2	–	–	–	–	–		

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											FEMALE	MALE										
Philippines	2000	20.1	25.9	3.5	47.0	32.4	13.7	3.3	2.5	1.3	10.6	0.2	0.5	14.7	9.5	4.8	0.4	74.2	23.8	1.5	26.9	18.2
Thailand	1996-97	18.6	19.6	2.0	72.2	69.8	23.1	3.2	16.4	1.8	22.0	2.0	1.3	2.4	–	–	2.4	–	–	–	–	–
Vietnam	2001	22.3	26.6	2.3	73.9	61.1	7.4	41.2	0.5	5.8	5.7	0.4	0.1	12.4	12.4	–	–	87.7	11.9	0.4	14.9	11.9
<b>EAST ASIA</b>		<b>406</b>	<b>410</b>		<b>82</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	–	–	<b>1</b>	–	–	–	–	–
China	1997	354.9	361.7	1.8	83.8	83.3	1.7	36.4	0.0	3.4	33.5	7.7	0.6	0.5	–	–	0.5	–	–	–	–	–
Japan <sup>3</sup>	2000	28.9	26.4	1.3	55.9	55.1	0.8	1.5	–	43.1	3.0	0.6	6.1	19.0	3.7	15.3	–	–	–	–	–	–
Korea, North	1990-92	5.9	6.5	2.4	61.8	53.0	0.1	48.5	0.0	0.0	4.1	0.3	0.0	8.9	8.9	0.0	–	–	–	–	–	–
Korea, South	1997	13.5	12.4	1.6	80.5	66.9	1.8	13.2	–	15.1	24.1	12.7	–	13.6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mongolia	1998	0.7	0.9	3.1	59.9	45.7	4.2	32.2	3.1	3.5	2.4	–	0.3	13.1	12.5	0.7	–	75.8	19.5	4.8	4.4	10.6
<b>EUROPE</b>		<b>183</b>	<b>164</b>		<b>67</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
 <b>NORTHERN EUROPE</b>		<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>		<b>70</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	–	–	–	–	–	–
Estonia	1994	0.3	0.3	1.4	70.3	56.4	3.9	35.9	–	16.1	–	–	0.6	13.8	8.1	4.5	1.2	–	–	–	–	–
Finland	1994	1.2	1.1	1.9	79.3	78.3	30.6	18.4	–	19.9	8.3	1.0	0.1	1.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Latvia	1995	0.6	0.5	1.3	48.0	39.3	8.0	19.8	0.1	9.6	–1.5–	–	0.3	8.7	5.0	3.2	0.5	–	–	–	–	–
Lithuania	1994-95	1.0	0.9	1.5	46.5	30.4	3.3	13.9	0.2	13.0	–	–	–	15.3	9.3	6.0	–	–	–	–	–	–
United Kingdom <sup>3</sup>	1998-99	14.0	13.5	1.7	72.0	71.0	24.0	5.0	2.0	18.0	11.0	12.0	1.0	4.0	1.0	3.0	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>WESTERN EUROPE</b>		<b>44</b>	<b>40</b>		<b>77</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	–	–	–	–	–	–
Austria	1996	2.0	1.7	1.4	67.9	64.6	40.1	8.8	–	10.2	–4.1–	–	1.4	2.7	2.0	0.7	–	–	–	–	–	–
Belgium <sup>4</sup>	1991-92	2.4	2.2	1.6	78.4	74.3	46.7	5.0	–	4.7	10.9	7.0	0.1	4.1	2.1	2.0	–	–	–	–	–	–
France	1998	14.4	13.5	1.8	79.5	73.8	38.0	21.2	–	5.3	–8.5–	–	0.9	5.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Germany	1992	19.5	17.1	1.3	74.7	71.8	58.6	6.0	0.7	4.4	0.9	0.0	1.2	2.8	0.6	0.3	1.9	–	–	–	–	–
Netherlands	1993	3.9	3.7	1.6	78.5	75.6	49.0	3.6	–	7.7	4.8	10.5	–	2.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Switzerland	1994-95	1.7	1.4	1.5	82.0	77.5	34.0	6.0	0.3	14.2	13.8	8.3	0.9	4.5	2.3	2.2	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>EASTERN EUROPE</b>		<b>80</b>	<b>70</b>		<b>64</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>22</b>	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

	SURVEY YEAR	FEMALE POPULATION OF CHILDBEARING AGE AGES 15-49 (IN MILLIONS)		TOTAL FERTILITY RATE <sup>a</sup>	Women Currently Married or in Union Using Family Planning (%)														Source of Supply of Modern Methods (%)			Mother's Attitude Toward Recent Birth(s) (%)		
		2002	2015		ALL METHODS	Modern Methods									Traditional Methods					PUBLIC	PRIVATE MEDICAL	OTHER PRIVATE	WANTED LATER	NOT WANTED
		TOTAL MODERN METHODS	PILL			IUD <sup>b</sup>	INJECTION	CONDOM	STERILIZATION		OTHER MODERN METHODS <sup>c</sup>	TOTAL TRADITIONAL METHODS <sup>d</sup>	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE	WITH-DRAWAL	OTHER TRADITIONAL METHODS									
									FEMALE	MALE														
Belarus	1995	2.8	2.4	1.4	50.4	42.1	6.7	29.0	—	4.8	0.8	0.0	0.8	8.3	3.0	5.2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Bulgaria	1997-98	1.9	1.6	1.1	41.4	25.6	7.0	6.9	—	10.9	—	—	0.8	15.3	2.5	12.8	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Czech Republic	1997	2.6	2.4	1.2	67.0	57.7	23.2	13.9	—	12.7	7.2	—	0.7	9.0	1.7	7.3	—	—	—	—	13.1	16.2		
Hungary	1992-93	2.5	2.2	1.7	77.4	68.4	37.7	17.4	—	7.8	4.8	—	0.7	9.0	2.5	6.3	0.2	—	—	—	—	—		
Moldova	2000	1.2	1.1	1.3	62.4	42.8	3.3	34.5	0.0	3.5	1.1	—	0.3	19.6	4.3	13.9	1.4	72.0	22.8	5.2	9.4	33.0		
Poland	1991	10.2	9.3	2.1	49.4	19.0	2.3	5.7	—	9.1	—	—	1.9	30.4	19.3	11.1	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Romania	1999	5.8	5.5	1.3	63.8	29.5	7.9	7.3	—	8.5	2.5	—	3.3	34.3	5.6	28.7	—	32.4	56.0	11.4	8.7	46.5		
Russia	1994	39.3	33.4	1.4	66.8	48.6	4.0	33.1	—	—	—	—	11.5	18.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Slovakia	1991	1.5	1.4	2.1	74.0	41.0	5.0	11.0	—	21.0	4.0	0.0	—	32.0	-32.0-		—	—	—	—	—	—		
Ukraine	1999	12.7	10.8	1.1	67.5	37.6	3.0	18.6	—	13.5	1.4	—	1.1	29.9	10.4	19.5	—	—	—	—	16.6	37.5		
<b>SOUTHERN EUROPE</b>		<b>36</b>	<b>32</b>		<b>64</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>		
Albania	2000	0.8	0.9	2.1	57.5	15.3	5.6	—	0.7	7.9	0.9	0.2	—	42.2	7.5	31.8	2.8	—	—	—	—	—		
Bosnia & Herzegovina	2000	1.1	1.0	1.2	47.5	15.7	4.5	7.9	—	3.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	31.7	4.1	26.9	0.7	—	—	—	—	—		
Italy	1995-96	13.8	11.9	1.2	60.2	39.2	13.6	5.5	—	13.7	5.8	0.1	0.5	21.0	3.6	17.5	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Slovenia	1994	0.5	0.4	1.3	71.4	56.9	21.7	21.5	0.4	7.6	5.6	0.1	—	14.5	7.0	7.5	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Spain <sup>3</sup>	1999	10.2	9.0	1.2	71.9	66.9	12.3	6.4	0.1	28.4	10.5	9.6	0.8	5.0	0.8	6.5	2.3	—	—	—	—	—		
Yugoslavia <sup>5</sup>	2000	2.6	2.5	1.7	58.3	32.8	4.7	7.7	—	17.4	—	—	3.0	25.5	14.2	11.3	—	—	—	—	—	—		
<b>OCEANIA</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>		<b>59</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>		
 Australia	1995	5.0	5.1	1.8	66.7	64.6	26.7	2.0	—	11.7	12.8	9.7	1.7	2.0	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
New Zealand	1995	1.0	1.0	2.0	74.1	71.5	20.5	3.3	1.8	11.3	14.4	19.3	0.8	2.7	1.6	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Papua New Guinea	1996	1.2	1.6	4.8	25.9	19.6	4.4	0.1	6.8	0.5	7.6	0.2	0.0	6.3	2.9	0.6	2.8	—	—	—	16.1	7.4		

# Sources and Acknowledgments

This data sheet provides the most recent statistics available on contraceptive use worldwide. Countries included are those that have had a reproductive health survey from 1990 onward and in which use by contraceptive method was published. It should be noted that countries often use different definitions of contraceptive methods, classify methods in different ways, omit statistics on some methods, or include data on multiple method use only. Data are shown for currently married women, including those in informal unions. Every effort has been made to ensure data comparability wherever possible.

Data sources include Demographic and Health Surveys (ORC Macro and national statistical offices), Reproductive Health Surveys (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (UNICEF), Pan-Arab Maternal and Child Health Surveys (PAPCHILD), Gulf Fertility Surveys, Fertility and Family Surveys (ECE), national surveys, and the data files of the United Nations Population Division, the World Bank, and the International Programs Center of the U.S. Census Bureau.

## Notes

(–) A dash indicates that data or estimates are not available.

**Italics:** For the TFR, italics indicate data from source other than survey. For “Source of Supply of Modern Methods” and “Mother’s Attitude Toward Recent Birth(s),” italics indicate data from previous survey.

“0” or “0.0” indicates that the statistic rounds to zero.

**1:** Country nationals only

**2:** Peninsular Malaysia only

**3:** Multiple method use

**4:** Flemish population only

**5:** Excludes Kosovo and Metohija

**a:** The total fertility rate (TFR) is the average number of children a woman would bear in her lifetime if the age-specific rates of a given year were to remain constant. TFRs shown are from the survey itself or, if shown in italics, are estimates for the same period as the survey.

**b:** Intrauterine device

**c:** Includes methods such as diaphragm, spermicide, Norplant, female condom, etc.

**d:** Excludes folk methods.

World and regional averages are estimates and are generally shown for regions in which 75 percent of the population was covered by surveys. In some cases, assumptions on the level of contraceptive use for a country were used to produce approximate regional averages.

Totals for “All Methods,” “Modern Methods,” and “Traditional Methods” may not add up to 100, due to rounding, omitted details on specific methods in some surveys, or use of multiple methods.

Public sources of modern methods include government hospitals and clinics. Private medical sources include private hospitals, pharmacies, and doctors and non-governmental organizations. “Other” private sources include shops and kiosks.

Less developed countries, as defined by the United Nations, comprise those of Africa, Asia, Latin America, and Oceania (excluding Australia, Japan, and New Zealand). All other countries are classified as more developed.

Sub-Saharan Africa includes all African countries except Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia, and Western Sahara.

The average year of the surveys on the data sheet is 1997.

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- [www.measurecommunication.org](http://www.measurecommunication.org). The MEASURE *Communication* project promotes wider dissemination and use of information on population, health, and nutrition for decisionmakers in less developed countries.
- [www.popnet.org](http://www.popnet.org). A comprehensive directory of population-related websites, arranged by world region and organization type.
- [www.ameristat.org](http://www.ameristat.org). Data and analysis on 14 U.S. population topics, including income and poverty, education, marriage, and fertility.

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